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TNPSC GROUP II / IIA MAINS SCERT - SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY QUESTION WITH ANSWER

5. What is Robotics? Explain its components, types and Applications

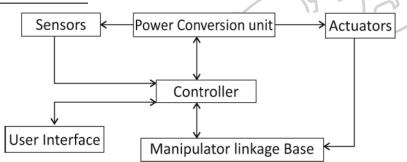
Robotics :

- Integrated study of Mechanical Engineering, Electonics Engineering, Computer Engineering & Science.

Robot : A Mechanical device designed with electronics circuitry & Programmed to perform a specific task

- 1954 - George Devol - 1st digitally operated programmable robot - 'Unimate'.

Components :



Types :

- 1. Human Robot :
 - a) Resemble humans in appearance
 - b) Replicate human activities Walking, Lifting & Sensing

2. Industrial Robots : Types :

- a) Cartiessian
- b) SCARA Selective Compliance Assembly Robot Arm
- c) Cylindricat
- d) Delta
- e) Polar
- f) Vertically articulated



Benefits :

- a) Arc & Spot Welding
- b) Mateial Handling
- c) Machine Tending

3. Artificial Intellignece

Aim : Bring in Human like behaviour in robots.

Applications :

- a) Face recognition
- b) Computer games
- c) Traffic regulation
- d) Translation of words

4. Nanorobots :

- a) 10⁻⁹ m Nanometer
- b) Microscopic level Perform task in very small spaces.
- c) Future application Medical field In Blood streams, Small Surgical procedures, repair individual cells.
- d) China World first autonomous DNA robot to combal cancer tumour.

Advantages :

- 1. Never gets tired like humans absenteaism reduced.
- 2. More precise & Error free in task performing
- 3. Work in extreme environmental conditions
- 4. In dangerous situations Bomb delection & deactivation
- 5. In warfare, save human lives
- 6. In chemical Industries especially in Nuclear plants.

Disadvantages :

- 1. No sense of emotions or consciences
- 2. Un employment will increase
- 3. Cannot handle unexpected situations
- 4. In case of macfunctions requires significant time
- 5. In Decision making Robots cannot replace humans
- Till the robot reaches the level of human intelligence, the humans in workplace will exist

Robots - Made of Aluminium & Steel