



27-09-2023 NEWS

Dada Sahib Phalke Award to Hindi Actress Waheeda Rehman

Dada Sahib Phalke Award

- Awarded to Lifetime Achievement in Indian Film Industry
- Commencement : 1969
- Dada Sahib Phalke - Father of Indian Film Industry
- Born : April 30, 1870
- Union Ministry of Information and Broadcasting
- 53rd Dada Sahib Phalke Award

Waheeda Rehman

- Hindi Actress
- Born : In Chengalpattu, TN
- Notable movies : Pyaasa, Guide
- Awards received : National award, Padmashri, Padma Bhushan
- Cash Prize : Rs 10 Lakh
- First Dada Sahib Phalke Award : 1969 - Devika Rani
- 1996 : Sivaji Ganesan
- 1989 : Lata Mangeshkar
- 2000 : Asha Bhosle
- 2010 : K Balachander
- 2018 : Amitabh Bachchan
- 2019 : Rajnikanth
- 2020 : Asha Parekh

Equestrian

Asian games

- 19th Asian games
- Hangzhou, China

India's feat

- Equestrian
- Anush Agarwala - 71.088 pts
- Hriday Vipul - 69.941 pts
- Divyakriti Singh - 68.176 pts
- Sudipti Hajela - 66.706 pts
- This has been achieved after 41 years
- 1982 - Delhi, won gold
- 1986 - Bronze

Sailing

- Neha - Won silver

New Education Policy

Criticism on NEP 2020

- States were not consulted. That means no top-down approach
- Data from the current Parliamentary Standing Committee - 70% of the 1043 universities are functioning under state law
- 94% students are under state or private educational institutes. Only 6% students are under Central Government Higher Education Institutions
- Goal - An increase in public expenditure on education from the existing level of 4.43 per cent of GDP to 6 per cent
- Infrastructure development is not clearly defined. How it should be shared between the central and state governments is not specified
- Teaching through mother tongue as medium of instruction up to class V
- Providing ability to read and write in other languages up to grade 3
- Implementation of the Trilingual Policy - opposed by TN govt
- The problem with implementing multi-point entry and exit
- Affecting the student teacher ratio
- Students will be encouraged to drop out
- Privatization of higher education – social justice will be denied

Women scientists

UN Eighth International Conference on Women and Children

- Venue : New York (UN Headquarters)
- Feb 10, 2023

Announcement

- Every year February 11 - International Women in Science Day

Top awards in various fields in India

Padma awards

- Awarded by the President
- Up to 120 awards can be conferred in a year
- Bharat Ratna, Padma Vibhushan, Padma Bhushan, Padma Shri

Sahitya Akademi Award

- Literature, Translation
- Annually, awarded to 60 members
- Yuva Puraskar, Bala Puraskar awards

Khel Ratna

- In the field of sports
- Arjuna award, Dronacharya Award
- Awarded for up to 180 members in a year

Shanti Swarup Bhatnagar prize

- In the field of Science
- 2022 - for 12 members (No women were awarded)

Science and Women in India

- From Sir CV Raman to Veeramuthuvel, men dominated the field of Science

Women who excel in science

- Kamala Sohonie - She was the first woman to receive a doctorate from the Indian Institute of Studies, Bangalore
- Anna Mani - Invented the basic instruments of the Indian Astronomical Research Institute of Climate Science
- Bibha Chowdhuri - Atomic scientist with a star named after her
- Indira Hinduja - Gave the method of artificial insemination
- Rajeswari - First Indian woman engineer, inventor of antenna and walkie talkie through fine engineering
- E K Janaki - Indian botanist who worked on plant breeding, cytogenetics and phytogeography. Conferred Padma Shri in 1977

Dalai Lama

- Pre-1951 - Secular government - Dalai Lama is supreme leader based on religion
- 1914 Shimla Convention signed by British along with Tibet
- Recognition of Tibet as a separate state
- China accepted this conference as a direct challenge
- Tibet secured semi-independence
- 1949 Mao Zedong and the Chinese Communist Party take over

India's Tibet Policy

- India recognized Tibet as an autonomous region under China
- The Tibetan government, which has sought asylum from the Dalai Lama and exiled him in Dharamsala, is seeking a negotiated peaceful solution between the Chinese government and the Tibetan leadership.



SURESH'
IAS ACADEMY

Significant info

- India's top award in Science - Shanti Swarup Bhatnagar prize
- 1958, September 26
- In the name of first director-general of CSIR

Aim

- Recognizing scientists who live in India and make major scientific discoveries here
- Award amount -Rs 5 lakh
- Till the age of 65, Rs 15,000 monthly
- 583 scientists have been awarded so far
- Women - 19 members (less than 3%)
- Separate awards to recognize the achievements of women scientists are required

Special Session of Parliament

- September 18 - 11, 2023
- Passage of the historic Women's Reservation Bill

When is Parliament convened?

- Power to call a special session of Parliament
- According to the Constitution - Central govt
- First the cabinet committee will take the decision
- To be formalized by the President
- Art 85 - Relating to Prorogation/Dissolution of Parliament
 - The President shall convene once in six months
 - Twice a year
- 1949, Rule 69 - Draft, when taken up for consideration, proposed to change the interval of parliamentary sessions to three months to allow more time for discussion of people's issues.

Importance

- Drafting Acts of Parliament were framed in accordance with the context of the British era

Tuberculosis

- World Health Organization Report 2022
- A quarter of the world's population
- One in three people with TB is Indian
- India aims to end TB by 2025
- UN target to eradicate tuberculosis globally by 2030

149th Parliamentary Standing Committee Report

- The government should achieve the goal without resorting to private help
- 58 Socio-Economic Vulnerabilities will be eliminated through the Ni-kshay Mitra Project
- Pradhan Mantri TB Mukh Bharat Abhiyaan should be implemented effectively

Charge of Standing Committee

- Ni-kshay Mitra - Individuals, organizations or selected members should adopt TB patients and maintain their welfare and medical expenses.
- Government departments try to shirk their responsibilities
- The working class of the population is more infected (aged 18 to 50)

2022 report

- 44% of the population is malnourished
- More than 12 lakh people are affected by tuberculosis every year

Central government initiative

- 2022 September - Ni-kshay Mitra
- Nutrition plan with patient consent
- 2018 - Nikshay Poshan Yojana
- Nutrition Program
- Direct Subsidy Scheme - Rs 500 every month

Criticism of the scheme

- India Tuberculosis Report 2023
- There are 24 lakhs patients with TB
- Only 16 lakh people have received one month subsidy (66%)

Solution

- **70% of patients require nutritional support for recovery**

- Earlier councils were convened only to seek financial approval
- Parliamentary session is important to determine the future of the country, consider and discuss laws
- Time is also of the essence to allow for proper consideration. Hence it is recommended that the interval between parliamentary sessions should not exceed three months - K T Shah (Former MP)
- HV Kamath urged for longer parliamentary sessions like America and Britain
- Ambedkar - The Constitution does not prevent Parliament from sitting from time to time. However, it is feared that the members will get tired if the meetings are frequent

Is there a fixed timetable?

- There is no fixed time schedule for parliamentary sessions
- Three sessions in India
- Financial session - January - April
- Monsoon session - July - August
- Winter Session - November - December

When is the special session held?

- The term Special Session is not in the Constitution
- Neither in the book of rules of both the Houses
- There are no guidelines in the constitution as to how and when a special session can be convened
- Article 352 - Refers to Special Session of House of Parliament on Proclamation of State of Emergency, Including the midnight session

Previously

- 1947 - The country's first special session to mark India's transfer of power
- 1962 - Indo-china war - to discuss Chinese aggression
- 1972 - To mark 25 years of independence
- 1977 - To extend President's Rule in Tamil Nadu and Nagaland
- 1991 - to approve President's rule in Haryana
- 1992 - 50th Anniversary of Quit India movement
- 1997 - August 50 years of independence
- 2008 - Man Mohan Singh Motion of Confidence in Lok Sabha after Left exit from United Progressive Alliance
- 2017 - Midnight session to introduce GST
- 2023 September 18 - 22 - Second session of BJP Govt - Held without Question hour and Zero hour.



வெற்றியின் முகவரி

